

(संशोधित पाठ्यक्रम)

बी.ए. / बी.एस-सी. / बी.कॉम. / बी.एच.एस.-सी.

भाग - तीन, आधार पाठ्यक्रम

प्रश्न पत्र - प्रथम (हिन्दी भाषा)

(पेपर कोड - 0231)

पूर्णांक- 75

- इकाई-एक (क) भारत माता : सुमित्रानंदन पंत  
(ख) कथन की शैलियों  
1. विवरणात्मक शैली  
2. मूल्यांकन शैली  
3. व्याख्यात्मक शैली  
4. विचारात्मक शैली
- इकाई-दो (क) सूखी डाली : उपेन्द्रनाथ अशक  
(ख) विभिन्न संरचनाएँ  
1. विनम्रता सूचक संरचना  
2. विधि सूचक संरचना  
3. निषेध परक संरचना  
4. काल-बोधक संरचना  
5. स्थान-बोधक संरचना  
6. दिशा बोधक संरचना  
7. कार्य-कारण सम्बन्ध संरचना  
8. अनुक्रम संरचना
- इकाई-तीन (क) वसीयत : मालती जोशी  
(ख) कार्यालयीन पत्र और आलेख  
1. परिपत्र  
2. आदेश  
3. अधिसूचना  
4. ज्ञापन  
5. अनुस्मारक  
6. पृष्ठांकन
- इकाई-चार (क) योग की शक्ति : हरिवंश राय बच्चन  
(ख) अनुवाद : स्वरूप एवं परिभाषा, उद्देश्य  
स्रोत भाषा और लक्ष्य भाषा,

अच्छे अनुवाद की विशेषताएँ,

अनुवाद प्रक्रिया, अनुवादक

इकाई—पांच (क) संस्कृति और राष्ट्रीय एकीकरण : योगेश अटल

(ख) घटनाओं, समारोहों आदि का प्रतिवेदन, विभिन्न प्रकार के निमंत्रण पत्र

**मूल्यांकन योजना :** प्रत्येक इकाई से एक-एक प्रश्न पूछा जाएगा। प्रत्येक प्रश्न में आंतरित विकल्प होगा। प्रत्येक प्रश्न के 15 अंक होंगे। इसलिए प्रत्येक प्रश्न के दो भाग 'क' और 'ख' होंगे एवं अंक क्रमशः 8 एवं 7 अंक होंगे। प्रश्नपत्र का पूर्णांक 75 निर्धारित है।

### पाठ्यक्रम संशोधन का औचित्य —

निर्धारित पाठ का अध्ययन एवं हिन्दी भाषा प्रयोग की व्यवहारिक प्रणालियों से विद्यार्थियों को परिचित कराना तथा भाषा प्रयोग की सामान्य अशुद्धियों को दूर करने की दृष्टि से पाठ्यक्रम तैयार किया गया है। विद्यार्थियों के लिए पाठ्यक्रम का विस्तार बहुत ज्यादा न हो इसका ध्यान रखा गया है।

अध्यक्ष— हिंदी अध्ययन मंडल

## NEW CURRICULUM OF B.Sc. PART III

### CHEMISTRY

The new curriculum will comprise of three papers of 33, 33 and 34 marks each and practical work of 50 marks. The Curriculum is to be completed in 180 working days as per UGC norms and conforming to the directives of Govt. of Chhattisgarh. The theory papers are of 60 hrs. each duration and practical work of 180 hrs duration.

#### Paper – I INORGANIC CHEMISTRY

60 Hrs., Max Marks 33

#### UNIT-I

##### METAL-LIGAND BONDING IN TRANSITION METAL COMPLEXES

(A) Limitations of valence bond theory, Limitation of Crystal Field Theory, Application of CFSE, tetragonal distortions from octahedral geometry, Jahn–Teller distortion, square planar geometry. Qualitative aspect of Ligand field and MO Theory.

(B) Thermodynamic and kinetic aspects of metal complexes. A brief outline of thermodynamic stability of metal complexes and factors affecting the stability, substitution reactions of square planar complexes, Trans- effect, theories of trans effect. Mechanism of substitution reactions of square planar complexes.

#### UNIT-II

##### MAGNETIC PROPERTIES OF TRANSITION METAL COMPLEXES

Types of magnetic behavior, methods of determining magnetic susceptibility, spin only formula, L-S coupling, correlation of  $\mu_{so(\text{spin only})}$  and  $\mu_{\text{eff}}$  values, orbital contribution to magnetic moments, application of magnetic moment data for 3d metal complexes.

Electronic spectra of Transition Metal Complexes.

Types of electronic transitions, selection rules for d-d transitions, spectroscopic ground states, spectro-chemical series. Orgel-energy level diagram for  $d^1$  and  $d^2$  states, discussion of the electronic spectrum of  $[\text{Ti}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{3+}$  complex ion.

### UNIT-III

#### ORGANOMETALLIC CHEMISTRY

Definition and classification of organometallic compounds on the basis of bond type. Concept of hapticity of organic ligands. Metal carbonyls: 18-electron rule, electron count of mononuclear, polynuclear and substituted metal carbonyls of 3d series. General methods of preparation (direct combination, reductive carbonylation, thermal and photochemical decomposition) of mono and binuclear carbonyls of 3d series.

Structures of mononuclear and binuclear carbonyls of Cr, Mn, Fe, Co and Ni using VBT.  $\pi$ -acceptor behavior of CO (MO diagram of CO to be discussed), Zeise's salt: Preparation and structure.

#### Catalysis by Organometallic Compounds –

Study of the following industrial processes and their mechanism :

1. Alkene hydrogenation (Wilkinsons Catalyst)
2. Polymeration of ethane using Ziegler – Natta Catalyst

### UNIT-IV

#### BIOINORGANIC CHEMISTRY

Essential and trace elements in biological processes, Excess and deficiency of some trace metals, Toxicity of some metal ions (Hg, Pb, Cd and As), metalloporphyrins with special reference to hemoglobin and myoglobin. Biological role of alkali and alkaline earth metals with special reference to  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$  and  $\text{Mg}^{2+}$ , nitrogen fixation.

### UNIT-V

#### HARD AND SOFT ACIDS AND BASES (HSAB) Classification of acids and bases as hard

and soft. Pearson's HSAB concept, acid-base strength and hardness and softness. Symbiosis, Applications of HSAB principle.

#### INORGANIC POLYMERS

Types of inorganic polymers, comparison with organic polymers, synthesis, structural aspects and applications of silicones. Silicates, phosphazenes and polyphosphate.

## REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Basic Inorganic Chemistry, F. A. Cotton, G. Wilkinson and P. L. Gaus, Wiley.
2. Concise Inorganic Chemistry, J. D. Lee, ELBS.
3. Concepts of Models of Inorganic Chemistry, B. Douglas, D. Mc Daniel and J. Alexander, John Wiley.
4. Inorganic Chemistry, D. E. Shriver, P. W. Atkins and C. H. Langford, Oxford.
5. Inorganic Chemistry, W. W. Porterfield, Addison – Wiley.
6. Inorganic Chemistry, A. G. Sharp, ELBS.
7. Inorganic Chemistry, G. L. Miessler and D. A. Tarr, Prentice Hall.
8. Advanced Inorganic Chemistry, Satya Prakash.
9. Advanced Inorganic Chemistry, Agarwal and Agarwal.
10. Advanced Inorganic Chemistry, Puri, Sharma, S. Naginchand.
11. Inorganic Chemistry, Madan, S. Chand.
12. Aadhunik Akarbanic Rasayan, A. K. Shrivastav & P. C. Jain, Goel Pub.
13. Uchchattar Akarbanic Rasayan, satya Prakash & G. D. Tuli, Shyamal Prakashan.
14. Uchchattar Akarbanic Rasayan, Puri & Sharma.
15. Selected topic in Inorganic Chemistry by Madan Malik & Tuli, S. Chand.

### UNIT-I

#### HETEROCYCLIC COMPOUNDS

Classification and nomenclature, Structure, aromaticity in 5-membered and 6-membered rings containing one heteroatom; Synthesis, reactions and mechanism of substitution reactions of: Furan, Pyrrole (Paal-Knorr synthesis, Knorr pyrrole synthesis, Hantzsch synthesis), Thiophene, Pyridine (Hantzsch synthesis), Indole (Fischer indole synthesis and Madelung synthesis), Quinoline and isoquinoline, (Skraup synthesis, Friedlander's synthesis, Knorr quinoline synthesis, Doebner-Miller synthesis, Bischler-Napieralski reaction, Pictet- Spengler reaction, Pomeranz-Fritsch reaction).

### UNIT II

#### A. ORGANOMETALLIC REAGENT

Organomagnesium compounds: Grignard reagents formation, structure and chemical reactions.

Organozinc compounds: formation and chemical reactions.

Organolithium compounds: formation and chemical reactions.

#### B. ORGANIC SYNTHESIS VIA ENOLATES

Active methylene group, alkylation of diethylmalonate and ethyl acetoacetate, Synthesis of ethyl acetoacetate: The Claisen condensation. Keto-enol tautomerism of ethyl acetoacetate. Robinson annulations reaction.

### UNIT-III

#### BIOMOLECULES

##### A. CARBOHYDRATES

Occurrence, classification and their biological importance. Monosaccharides: relative and absolute configuration of glucose and fructose, epimers and anomers, mutarotation, determination of ring size of glucose and fructose, Haworth projections and conformational structures; Interconversions of aldoses and ketoses; Killiani Fischer synthesis and Ruff degradation; Disaccharides – Structural comparison of maltose, lactose and sucrose. Polysaccharides – Elementary treatment of starch and cellulose.

## **B. AMINO ACIDS, PROTEINS AND NUCLEIC ACIDS**

Classification and Nomenclature of amino acids, Configuration and acid base properties of amino acids, Isoelectric Point, Peptide bonds, Protein structure, denaturation/ renaturation, Constituents of nucleic acid, DNA, RNA nucleoside, nucleotides, double helical structure of DNA.

## **UNIT-IV**

### **SYNTHETIC POLYMERS**

**A.** Addition or chain growth polymerization, Free radical vinyl polymerization, Ziegler-Natta polymerization, Condensation or Step growth polymerization, polyesters, polyamides, phenols- formaldehyde resins, urea-formaldehyde resins, epoxy resins and polyurethanes, natural and synthetic rubbers.

### **B. SYNTHETIC DYES**

Colour and constitution (Electronic Concept). Classification of Dyes. Chemistry of dyes. Chemistry and synthesis of Methyl Orange, Congo Red, Malachite Green, Crystal Violet, phenolphthalein, fluorescein, Alizarine and Indigo.

## **UNIT-V**

### **A. INFRA-RED SPECTROSCOPY**

Basic principle, IR absorption Band their position and intensity, IR spectra of organic compounds.

### **B. UV-VISIBLE SPECTROSCOPY**

Beer Lambert's law, effect of Conjugation, Types of electronic transitions  $\lambda_{max}$ , Chromophores and Auxochromes, Bathochromic and Hypsochromic shifts, Intensity of absorption Visible spectrum and colour.

### **C. NMR SPECTROSCOPY**

Basic principles of Proton Magnetic Resonance, Tetramethyl silane (TMS) as internal standard, chemical shift and factors influencing it; Spin – Spin coupling and coupling constant (J); Anisotropic effects in alkene, alkyne, aldehydes and aromatics, Interpretation of NMR spectra of simple organic compounds.  $^{13}\text{C}$ MR spectroscopy: Principle and applications.

## REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Organic Chemistry, Morrison and Boyd, Prentice-Hall.
2. Organic Chemistry, L. G. Wade Jr. Prentice Hall.
3. Fundamentals of Organic Chemistry, Solomons, John Wiley.
4. Organic Chemistry, Vol I, II, III S. M. Mukherjee, S. P. Singh and R. P. Kapoor, Wiley Easters (New Age).
5. Organic Chemistry, F. A. Carey, McGraw Hill.
6. Introduction to Organic Chemistry, Struiweisser, Heathcock and Kosover, Macmillan.
7. Acheson, R.M. Introduction to the Chemistry of Heterocyclic compounds, John Wiley & Sons (1976).
8. Graham Solomons, T.W. Organic Chemistry, John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
9. McMurry, J.E. Fundamentals of Organic Chemistry, 7th Ed. Cengage Learning IndiaEdition, 2013.
10. Kalsi, P. S. Textbook of Organic Chemistry 1st Ed., New Age International (P) Ltd. Pub.
11. Clayden, J.; Greeves, N.; Warren, S.; Wothers, P.; Organic Chemistry, Oxford University Press.



**UNIT-I**

**QUANTUM MECHANICS-I**

Black-body radiation, Planck's radiation law, photoelectric effect, Compton effect. Operator: Hamiltonian operator, angular momentum operator, Laplacian operator, postulate of quantum mechanics, eigen values, eigen function, Schrodinger time independent wave equation, physical significance of  $\psi$  &  $\psi^2$ , application of Schrodinger wave equation to particle in a one dimensional box, hydrogen atom (separation into three equations ) radial and angular wave functions.

**UNIT-II**

**A. QUANTUM MECHANICS-II**

Quantum Mechanical approach of Molecular orbital theory, basic ideas-criteria for forming M.O. and A.O., LCAO approximation, formation of  $H_2^+$  ion, calculation of energy levels from wave functions, bonding and antibonding wave functions, Concept of  $\sigma$ ,  $\sigma^*$ ,  $\pi$ ,  $\pi^*$  orbitals and their characteristics, Hybrid orbitals- $sp$ ,  $sp^2$ ,  $sp^3$  Calculation of coefficients of A.O.'s used in these hybrid orbitals.

Introduction to valence bond model of  $H_2$ , comparison of M.O. and V.B. models. Huckel theory, application of Huckel theory to ethene, propene, etc.

**UNIT III**

**SPECTROSCOPY**

**Introduction:** Characterization of Electromagnetic radiation, regions of the spectrum, representation of spectra, width and intensity of spectral transition, Rotational Spectrum of Diatomic molecules. Energy levels of a rigid rotor, selection rules, determination of bond length, qualitative description of non-rigid rotator, isotopic effect.

**Vibrational Spectroscopy:** Fundamental vibration and their symmetry vibrating diatomic molecules, Energy levels of simple harmonic oscillator, selection rules, pure vibrational spectrum, determination of force constant, anharmonic oscillator

**Raman spectrum:** Concept of polarizability, quantum theory of Raman spectra, stokes and antistokes lines, pure rotational and pure vibrational Raman spectra. Applications of Raman Spectra.

**Electronic Spectroscopy:** Basic principles, Electronic Spectra of diatomic molecule, Franck-Condon principle, types of electronic transition, application of electronic spectra.

#### UNIT-IV

##### ELECTROCHEMISTRY-I

- A. Electrolytic conductance: Specific and equivalent conductance, measurement of equivalent conductance, effect of dilution on conductance, Kohlrausch law, application of Kohlrausch law in determination of dissociation constant of weak electrolyte, solubility of sparingly soluble electrolyte, absolute velocity of ions, ionic product of water, conductometric titrations.
- B. Theories of strong electrolyte: limitations of Ostwald's dilution law, weak and strong electrolytes, Elementary ideas of Debye-Huckel-Onsager's equation for strong electrolytes, relaxation and electrophoretic effects.
- C. Migration of ions: Transport number, Determination by Hittorf method and moving boundary method, ionic strength.

#### UNIT-V

##### ELECTROCHEMISTRY-II

- A. Electrochemical cell and Galvanic cells – reversible and irreversible cells, conventional representation of electrochemical cells, EMF of the cell and effect of temperature on EMF of the cell, Nernst equation Calculation of  $\Delta G$ ,  $\Delta H$  and  $\Delta S$  for cell reactions.
- B. Single electrode potential : standard hydrogen electrode, calomel electrode, quinhydrone electrode, redox electrodes, electrochemical series
- C. Concentration cell with and without transport, liquid - junction potential, application of concentration cells in determining of valency of ions, solubility product and activity coefficient
- D. Corrosion-types, theories and prevention

## REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Physical chemistry, G.M.Barrow. International Student Edition McGraw Hill.
2. University General Chemistry, CNR Rao, Macmillan.
3. Physical Chemistry R.A.Alberty, Wiley Eastn.
4. The elements of Physical Chemistry P.W.Alkin,Oxford.
5. Physical Chemistry through problems, S.K.Dogra, Wiley Eastern.
6. Physical Chemistry B.D.Khosla.
7. Physical Chemistry, Puri & Sharma.
8. Bhoutic Rasayan, Puri & Sharma.
9. Bhoutic Rasayan, P.L.Soni.
10. Bhoutic Rasayan, Bahl & Tuli.
11. Physical Chemistry, R.L.Kapoor, Vol- I-IV.
12. Introduction to quantum chemistry,A.K.Chandra,Tata McGraw Hill.
13. Quantum Chemistry,Ira N.Levine, Prentice Hall.

## B.Sc. Part- III

### PRACTICAL

Max. Marks-50

#### INORGANIC CHEMISTRY

Gravimetric analysis:

- Estimation of nickel (II) using Dimethylglyoxime (DMG).
- Estimation of copper as CuSCN
- Estimation of iron as Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> by precipitating iron as Fe(OH)<sub>3</sub>.
- Estimation of Al (III) by precipitating with oxine and weighing as Al(oxine)<sub>3</sub> (aluminium oxinate).
- Estimation of Barium as BaSO<sub>4</sub>

Inorganic Preparations:

- Tetraamminecopper (II) sulphate, [Cu(NH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub>]SO<sub>4</sub>.H<sub>2</sub>O
- Cis and trans K[Cr(C<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>. (H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>2</sub>] Potassium dioxalatodiaquachromate(III)
- Tetraamminecarbonatocobalt (III) ion
- Potassium tris(oxalate)ferrate(III)/ Sodium tris(oxalate)ferrate(III)
- Cu(I) thiourea complex, Bis (2,4-pentanedionate) zinc hydrate; Double salts (Chrome alum/ Mohr's salt)

#### ORGANIC CHEMISTRY

1. Preparation of organic Compounds

- Acetylation of one of the following compounds: amines (aniline, o-, m-, p- toluidines and o-,m-, p-anisidine) and phenols (β-naphthol, vanillin, salicylic acid)
- Benzoylation of one of the following amines (aniline, o-, m-, p- toluidines and o-, m-, panisidine) and one of the following phenols (β-naphthol, resorcinol, p cresol) by Schotten-Baumann reaction.
- Bromination of any one of the following: a. Acetanilide by conventional methods b.Acetanilide using green approach (Bromate-bromide method)
- Nitration of any one of the following: a. Acetanilide/nitrobenzene by conventional method b. Salicylic acid by green approach (using ceric ammonium nitrate).
- Reduction of p-nitrobenzaldehyde by sodium borohydride.
- Hydrolysis of amides and esters.
- Semicarbazone of any one of the following compounds: acetone, ethyl methyl ketone, cyclohexanone, benzaldehyde.

- Benzylisothiuronium salt of one each of water soluble and water insoluble acids (benzoic acid, oxalic acid, phenyl acetic acid and phthalic acid).
- Aldol condensation using either conventional or green method.
- Benzil-Benzilic acid rearrangement.
- Preparation of sodium polyacrylate.
- Preparation of urea formaldehyde.
- Preparation of methyl orange.

The above derivatives should be prepared using 0.5-1g of the organic compound. The solid samples must be collected and may be used for recrystallization, melting point and TLC.

2. Qualitative Analysis Analysis of an organic mixture containing two solid components using water,  $\text{NaHCO}_3$ ,  $\text{NaOH}$  for separation and preparation of suitable derivatives.
3. Extraction of caffeine from tea leaves.
4. Analysis of Carbohydrate: aldoses and ketoses, reducing and non-reducing sugars.
5. Identification of simple organic compounds by IR spectroscopy and NMR spectroscopy. (Spectra to be provided).
6. Estimation of glycine by Sorenson's formalin method.
7. Study of the titration curve of glycine.
8. Estimation of proteins by Lowry's method.
9. Study of the action of salivary amylase on starch at optimum conditions.
10. Effect of temperature on the action of salivary amylase.

## PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY

### Conductometry

- Determination of cell constant
- Determination of equivalent conductance, degree of dissociation and dissociation constant of a weak acid.
- Perform the following conductometric titrations:
  - i. Strong acid vs. strong base
  - ii. Weak acid vs. strong base
  - iii. Mixture of strong acid and weak acid vs. strong base
  - iv. Strong acid vs. weak base
- To determine the strength of the given acid conductometrically using standard alkali solution.
- To determine the solubility and solubility product of a sparingly soluble electrolyte conductometrically
- To study the saponification of ethyl acetate conductometrically.

### Potentiometry/pH metry

Perform the following potentio/pH metric titrations:

- i. Strong acid vs. strong base
- ii. Weak acid vs. strong base
- iii. Dibasic acid vs. strong base
- iv. Potassium dichromate vs. Mohr's salt
- v. Determination of pK<sub>a</sub> of monobasic acid

### UV/ Visible spectroscopy

- Verify Lambert-Beer's law and determine the concentration of CuSO<sub>4</sub>/KMnO<sub>4</sub>/K<sub>2</sub>Cr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> in a solution of unknown concentration
- Determine the concentrations of KMnO<sub>4</sub> and K<sub>2</sub>Cr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> in a mixture.
- Study the kinetics of iodination of propanone in acidic medium.
- Determine the amount of iron present in a sample using 1,10-phenanthroline.
- Determine the dissociation constant of an indicator (phenolphthalein).
- Study the kinetics of interaction of crystal violet/ phenolphthalein with sodium hydroxide.
- Study of pH-dependence of the UV-Vis spectrum (200-500 nm) of potassium dichromate.
- Spectral characteristics study (UV) of given compounds (acetone, acetaldehyde, acetic acid, etc.) in water.
- Absorption spectra of KMnO<sub>4</sub> and K<sub>2</sub>Cr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> (in 0.1 M H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>) and determine  $\lambda_{\max}$  values.

**Note:** Experiments may be added/deleted subject to availability of time and facilities

### REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Vogel, A.I. Quantitative Organic Analysis, Part 3, Pearson (2012).31
2. Mann, F.G. & Saunders, B.C. Practical Organic Chemistry, Pearson Education (2009)
3. Furniss, B.S.; Hannaford, A.J.; Smith, P.W.G.; Tatchell, A.R. Practical Organic Chemistry, 5th Ed., Pearson (2012)
4. Ahluwalia, V.K. & Aggarwal, R. Comprehensive Practical Organic Chemistry: Preparation and Quantitative Analysis, University Press (2000).
5. Ahluwalia, V.K. & Dhingra, S. Comprehensive Practical Organic Chemistry: Qualitative Analysis, University Press (2000)
6. Manual of Biochemistry Workshop, 2012, Department of Chemistry, University of Delhi.

8 Hrs.

PRACTICAL EXAMINATION

M.M.50

Five experiments are to be performed.

1. **Inorganic** - Two experiments to be performed. Gravimetric estimation compulsory  
**08 marks.** (Manipulation 3 marks)

Anyone experiment from synthesis and analysis **04 marks.**

2. **Organic** - Two experiments to be performed. Qualitative analysis of organic mixture containing two solid components. compulsory carrying **08 marks** (03 marks for each compound and two marks for separation).

One experiment from synthesis of organic compound (Single step) **04 marks.**

3. Physical-One physical experiment **12 marks.**

4. Sessional **04 marks.**

5. Viva Voce **10 marks.**

In case of Ex-Students one mark each will be added to Gravimetric analysis and Qualitative analysis of organic mixture and two marks in Physical experiment.

**Zoology**  
**B.Sc. Part III 2018-19**  
**Paper-I**

**ECOLOGY, ENVIRONMENTAL BIOLOGY: TOXICOLOGY,  
MICROBIOLOGY AND MEDICAL ZOOLOGY**

**Unit: I (Ecology)**

- Aims and scopes of ecology
- Major ecosystems of the world-Brief introduction
- Population- Characteristics and regulation of densities
- Communities and ecosystem
- Bio-geo chemical cycles
- Air & water pollution
- Ecological succession

**Unit: II (Environmental Biology)**

- Laws of limiting factor
- Food chain in fresh water ecosystem
- Energy flow in ecosystem- Trophic levels
- Conservation of natural resources
- Environmental impact assessment

**Unit: III (Toxicology)**

- Definition and classification of Toxicants
- Basic Concept of toxicology
- Principal of systematic toxicology
- Heavy metal Toxicity (Arsenic, Mercury, Lead, Cadmium)
- Animal poisons- snake venom, scorpion & bee poisoning
- Food poisoning

**Unit: IV (Microbiology)**

- General and applied microbiology
- Microbiology of domestic water and sewage
- Microbiology of milk & milk products
- Industrial microbiology: fermentation process, production of penicillin, alcoholic beverages, bioleaching.

**Unit: V (Medical Zoology)**

- Brief introduction to pathogenic microorganisms, Rickettsia, Spirochaetes, AIDS and Typhoid
- Brief account of life history & pathogenicity of the following pathogens with reference to man: prophylaxis & treatment
- Pathogenic protozoan's- Entamoeba, Trypanosome & Plasmodium
- Pathogenic helminthes- Schistosoma
- Nematode pathogenic parasites of man
- Vector insects



**Zoology**  
**B.Sc. Part III 2018-19**  
**Paper II**

**GENETICS, CELL PHYSIOLOGY, BIOCHEMISTRY, BIOTECHNOLOGY AND BIOTECHNIQUES**

**Unit: I (Genetics)**

- Linkage & linkage maps, Sex Determination and Sex Linkage
- Gene interaction- Incomplete dominance & Codominance, Supplementary gene, Complementary gene, Epistasis Lethal gene, Pleiotropic gene and multiple alleles.
- Mutation: Gene and chromosomal mutation
- Human genetics: chromosomal alteration: Down, Edward, Patau, Turner and Klinefelter Syndrome Single gene disorders: Alkaptonuria, Phenylketonuria, Sickle cell anemia, albinism and colour blindness

**Unit: II (Cell Physiology)**

- General idea about pH & buffer
- Transport across membrane: Diffusion and Osmosis
- Active transport in mitochondria & endoplasmic reticulum
- Enzymes-classification and Action

**Unit: III (Biochemistry)**

- Amino acids & peptides- Basic structure & biological function
- Carbohydrates & its metabolism- Glycogenesis; Gluconeogenesis; Glycolysis; Glycogenolysis; Cose-cycle
- Lipid metabolism- Oxidation of glycerol; Oxidation of fatty acids
- Protein Catabolism- Deamination, transamination, transmethylation

**Unit: IV (Biotechnology)**

- Application of Biotechnology
- Recombinant DNA & Gene cloning
- Cloned genes & other tools of biotechnology (Tissue culture, Hybridoma, Transgenic Animals and Gene library)

**Unit: V (Biotechniques)**

1. Principles & techniques about the following:
  - (i) pH meter
  - (ii) Colorimeter
  - (iii) Microscopy- Light microscopes: Compound, Phase contrast & Electron microscopes
  - (iv) Centrifuge
  - (v) Separation of biomolecules by chromatography & electrophoresis

## B. Sc. Part III 2018-19

### Zoology Practical

The practical work in general shall be based on syllabus prescribed in theory.

The candidates will be required to show knowledge of the following:

- Estimation of population density, percentage frequency, relative density.
- Analysis of producers and consumers in grassland.
- Detection of gram-negative and gram-positive bacteria.
- Blood group detection (A,B,AB,O)
- R. B. C. and W.B.C count
- Blood coagulation time
- Preparation of hematin crystals from blood of rat
- Observation of Drosophila, wild and mutant.
- Chromatography-Paper or gel.
- Colorimetric estimation of Protein.
- Mitosis in onion root tip.
- Biochemical detection of Carbohydrate, Protein and Lipid.
- Study of permanent slides of parasites, based on theory paper.
- Working principles of pH meter, colorimeter, centrifuge and microscope.

#### Scheme of marks distribution

Time: 3:30hrs

• Hematological Experiment	08
• Ecological Experiment: Grassland Ecosystem/ Population Density/Frequency/relative density	06
• Bacterial staining	05
• Biochemical experiment	06
• Practical based on Instrumentation (Chromatography/ pH meter/microscope/centrifuge.	05
• Spotting (5 spots)	10
7 Viva	05
8. Sessional	05

**B.SC.-III (BOTANY) PAPER –I**  
**(ANALYTICAL TECHNOLOGY PLANT PATHOLOGY,  
EXPERIMENTAL EMBRYOLOGY, ELEMENTARY BIOSTATISTICS,  
ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION AND CONSERVATION)**

**UNIT-I**

Structure, Principle and applications of analytical instrumentation.

Chromatography technique, Oven, Incubator, Autoclave, Centrifuge, Spectrophotometer

**UNIT-II**

Plant Tissue culture techniques, growth media, totipotency, protoplast culture, somatic hybrids and cybrids, micropropagation, somaclonal variations, haploid culture.

Analytical techniques: Microscopy-Light microscope, Electron microscope

**UNIT-III**

General principles of plant pathology, general symptoms of fungal, bacterial and viral diseases, mode of infection, diseases resistance and control measures, plant quarantine. A study of epidemiology and etiology of following plant diseases.

Rust diseases of wheat, Tikka diseases of ground nut, Red rot of sugar can, Bacterial blight of rice, Yellow vein mosaic of bhindi, Little leaf of brinjal.

**UNIT-IV**

Introduction to pollution, green house gases, Ozone depletion, Dissolve oxygen, B.O.D., C.O.D.

Bio magnification, Eutrophication, Acid precipitation, Phytoremediation, Plant indicators, Biogeographical Zones of India, Concept of biodiversity, CBD, MAB, National parks and

biodiversity Hot spots, Conservation strategies, Red Data Book, IUCN threat categories, invasive species, endemic species, concept of sustainable development.

#### UNIT-V

#### ELEMENTARY BIOSTATISTICS:

Introduction and application of Biostatistics, measure of central tendency-Mean, Median, Mode, measures of dispersal-Standard deviation, standard error.

#### Books Recommended:

Singh, RS, *Plant Diseases*, Oxford & IBH, New Delhi.

Pandey, BP, *Plant Pathology*, S.Chand Publishing, New Delhi

Sharma, PD, *Microbiology and Plant pathology*, Rastogi Publications, Meerut

Sharma PD, *Mycology and Phytopathology*, Rastogi Publications, Meerut

Singh JS, Singh SP and Gupta, SR, *Ecology Environmental Science and Conservation*, S. Chand Publishing, New Delhi

Sharma, PD. *Ecology and Environment*, Rastogi Publications, Meerut

Bhojwani, SS and Razdan, MK, *Plant Tissue Culture: Theory and Practices*, Elsevier

Sharma AK, *Text book of Biostatistics*, Discovery Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.



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(Mrs. Sanchal Moghe)



(Mr. Shivakant Mishra)

(Mr. Sudheer Tiwari)

**B.Sc.-III (BOTANY) PAPER –II**  
**(GENETICS, MOLECULAR BIOLOGY, BIOTECHNOLOGY AND**  
**BIOCHEMISTRY)**

**UNIT-I**

Cell and cell organelles, organization and morphology of chromosomes, giant chromosomes, cell division, Mendel's laws, gene interactions, linkage and crossing over, chromosomal aberration, polyploidy, sex linked inheritance, sex determination, cytoplasmic inheritance, gene concept: cistron, muton, recon.

**UNIT-II**

Nucleic acids, structure and forms of DNA and RNA, DNA/RNA as genetic material, replication of DNA, biochemical and molecular basis of mutation, genetic code and its properties, mechanism of transcription and translation in prokaryotes, regulation of gene expression, Operon model.

**UNIT-III**

Recombinant DNA, Enzymes in recombinant DNA technology, cloning vectors (Plasmid, Bacteriophages, Cosmids, Phagemids), gene cloning, PCR, Application of Biotechnology; G.M.Plants, Monoclonal antibodies, DNA finger printing

**UNIT-IV**

Protein: Chemical composition, primary, secondary and tertiary structure of Proteins.

Carbohydrate: general account of monosaccharides, disaccharids and Polysaccharides

Fat: Structure and properties of fats and fatty acids, synthesis and breakdown.

**UNIT-V**

ENZYMES: Nomenclature and classification, components of enzyme, theories of enzyme action, enzyme kinetics (Michaelis-Menten constant), allosteric enzymes, isozymes, Abzymes. Ribozymes, factors affecting enzyme activity.

### **Books Recommended:**

Nelson, DL, Cox, MM, Lehninger *Principles of Biochemistry*, W.H. Freeman and Company, New York, USA.

Cooper, GM, *The Cell: A Molecular Approach*, ASM Press & Sunderland, Washington, D.C. Sinauer Associates, MA.

Singh BD, *Fundamental of Genetics*, Kalyani Publication

Singh BD, *Genetics*, Kalyani Publication

Gupta, PK, *Cell and Molecular Biology*, Rastogi Publications, Meerut

Singh, BD, *Biotechnology: Expanding Horizons*, Kalyani publications

Gupta, PK, *Elements of Plant Biotechnology*, Rastogi Publications, Meerut

Gupta, SN, *Concepts of Biochemistry*, Rastogi Publications, Meeru

Jain, JL., Jain S, Jain, N, *Fundamentals of Biochemistry*, S Chand Publishing, New Delhi

### **B.Sc.-III (Botany)**

#### **Practical**

1. Study of host parasite relationship of plant diseases listed above.
2. Demonstration of preparation of Czapek's Dox medium and Potato dextrose agar medium, sterilization of culture medium and pouring.
3. Inoculation in culture tubes and petriplates.
4. Gram Staining.
5. Microscopic examination of Curd.
6. Study of plant diseases as listed in the theory paper.
7. Biochemical test of carbohydrate and protein.
8. Instrumentation techniques

### PRACTICAL SCHEME

TIME: 4 Hrs.

M.M. : 50

1.	Plant Disease/Symptoms	10
2.	Instrumentation techniques	05
3.	Staining of Microbes	05
4.	Tissue Culture techniques	05
5.	Spotting	10
6.	Project Work/ Field Study	05
5.	Viva-Voce	05
6.	Sessional	05



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